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This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

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1. (currently amended)

A 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivative of the general

formula (I)

in which

A, D, E and G are identical of different and represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl or hydroxyl, or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,

in which

R<sup>4</sup> denotes cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or

(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy,
cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or aryl having from 6 to 10
carbon atoms which, for its part, can be substituted, once to twice,
identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the

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group: group consisting of halogen, (C1-C6)-alkoxy, hydroxyl of and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes (C1-C8)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

in which

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or benzyl,

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 $R^4$ denotes vinyl or allyl,

or

- $R^4$ denotes aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C1-C6)-alkyl, (C1-C6)-alkoxy of and hydroxyl,
- $\mathbb{R}^5$ denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,
- $R^6$ denotes cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or a radical of the formula

aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms or a 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocycle having up to 3 heteroatoms selected from the series group

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contd a<sup>1</sup>

consisting of S, N and/or O, it being possible for the ring systems which are listed here to be optionally substituted, once to several times, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group: group consisting of halogen, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, carboxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and radicals of the formulae -SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -(CO)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,

in which

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl,

and

denotes a number 0 or 1,

or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group: group consisting of halogen, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, carboxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl and aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms, and a 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocycles having up to 3 heteroatoms selected from the series group consisting of S, N and/or O, in which the ring systems can be optionally substituted, once to three times, identically or differently, by (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl or by the radical -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

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contd.

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

or 
$$-N$$

which, for their part, can be optionally substituted,

and the salts or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

with the exception, however, of the compound N-methyl-4-(4-methyl-6-oxo-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridazin-3-yl)benzamide.

2. (currently amended) A The 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivative of claim 1, wherein in the general formula (I) as claim 1,

in which

- A, D, E and G are identical or different and represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or trifluoromethyl,
- R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent methyl,
- R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,
  - R<sup>4</sup> denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or

in which

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contd. I<sup>1</sup>

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl which, for its part, can be substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, hydroxyl or and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

in which

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

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- R<sup>4</sup> denotes allyl,
- R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl,
- denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes phenyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, furyl or pyridyl, it being possible for the listed aromatic ring systems to be optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl and radicals of the formulae -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -(CO)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,

in which

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contd.  $u^{1}$ 

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

and

a denotes a number 0 or 1,

OF

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which are optionally substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, furyl of and thiazolyl, it being possible for the ring systems to be optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, methoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl or by a radical of the formula -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

or

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

and the salts thereof.

with the exception, however, of the compound N methyl-4 (4 methyl-6-exe-1,4,5,6 tetra-hydropyridazin 3-yl)benzamide.

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3. (currently amended) A The 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivative of claim 1, wherein in the general formula (I) as claimed in claim 1,

## in which

A, D, E and G represent hydrogen,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent methyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,

in which

R<sup>4</sup> denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl which, for its part, can be substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, hydroxyl or and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes  $(C_1-C_4)$ -alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

in which

R7 and R8 are identical or different and denote hydrogen, benzyl or methyl,

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contd.  $a^1$ 

or

- R<sup>4</sup> denotes allyl,
- R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl,
- denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, furyl or pyridyl, the listed ring systems being optionally substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl and radicals of the formulae -SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -(CO)<sub>8</sub>-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,

in which

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

and

a denotes a number 0 or 1,

or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, trifluoromethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, furyl, thienyl of and thiazolyl, the ring systems optionally being

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substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, methoxycarbonyl or trifluoromethyl or by a radical of the formula -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

or

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ &$$

and the salts thereof,

with the exception, however, of the compound N-methyl 4 (4 methyl-6 oxo 1,4,5,6 tetrahydropyridazin-3-yl)benzamide.

4. (currently amended) A The 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivative of claim 1, wherein in the general formula (I) as claimed in claim 1,

in which

A, D, E and G represent hydrogen,

 $R^3$  represents the radical -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, where  $R^5 = H$  or methyl and  $R^6$  is as previously defined, defined in claim 1,

and the remaining radicals have the previously mentioned meaning meanings defined in claim 1.

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contd U 5. (currently amended) A process for preparing 6-carboxy-phenyl-dihydropyridazinone derivatives as claimed in claims 1 to 4, of formula (I) as defined in claim 1

$$C = \begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ N-N \\ R^{2} \end{array} \xrightarrow{A} \begin{array}{c} D \\ G \end{array} \xrightarrow{C} C - R^{3}$$
 (I)

characterized in that

[A] in the case where R<sup>3</sup> represents the radical of the formula -OR<sup>4</sup> in the above general formula (I),

compounds of the general formula (II)

$$O = \begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ O = \\ R^{2} \end{array}$$

$$CO_{2}H$$
(II),

in which

A, D, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the abovementioned meaning, are as defined in claim 1,

are initially converted, by reaction with carboxylic acid-activating reagents, using customary methods, into the compounds of the general formula (IV)

$$O$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $O$ 
 $CO-L$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $CO-L$ 
 $(IV)$ 

in which

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contd.

A, D, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the abovementioned meaning, are as defined in claim 1,

and

L represents an activating radical, preferably chlorine or imidazolyl,

and, in a second step, reacted with compounds of the general formula (III)

 $HO-R^4$  (III),

in which

R<sup>4</sup> has the abovementioned meaning, is as defined in claim 1,

in an inert solvents solvent, where appropriate in the presence of a base,

or

[B] in the case where R<sup>3</sup> represents the radical of the formula -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup> in the above general formula (I),

compounds of the general formula (II) are initially converted, by reaction with carboxylic acid-activating reagents, and using customary methods, into the compounds of the general formula (IV)

$$O = \bigvee_{N=N}^{N-N} \bigcap_{CO-L}^{D} CO-L$$
 (IV),

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contd at

in which

A, D, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the abovementioned meaning, are as defined in claim 1.

and

L represents an activating radical, preferably chlorine or imidazolyl,

and, in a second step, reacted with amides an amine of the general formula (V)

 $HNR^5R^6$  (V),

in which

 $R^5$  and  $R^6$  have the abovementioned meaning, are as defined in claim 1,

in an inert solvent solvents.

6. (currently amended)

A medicament of pharmaceutical composition which comprises at least one compound as claimed in claims 1 to 4 of claim 1, and also one or more pharmacologically harmless auxiliary and carrier substances acceptable excipients.

7, 8, and 9 (cancelled)

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10. (currently amended)

The use of A method for prophylaxis or treatment of anemia comprising administering to a subject an effective amount of a 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivatives derivative of the general formula (I)

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contd. A<sup>2</sup>

$$O = \begin{pmatrix} A & A & D \\ C & A & C \\ C & C$$

in which

A, D, E and G are identical or different and represent hydrogen, halogen, trifluoromethyl or hydroxyl, or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,

in which

R<sup>4</sup> denotes cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms which, for its part, can be substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group: group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, hydroxyl or and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes  $(C_1-C_8)$ -alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

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in which

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl or benzyl,

or

R<sup>4</sup> denotes vinyl or allyl,

or

- R<sup>4</sup> denotes aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms which is optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group consisting of halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy of and hydroxyl,
- R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,
- R<sup>6</sup> denotes cycloalkyl having from 3 to 8 carbon atoms or a radical of the formula

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aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms or a 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocycle having up to 3 heteroatoms selected from the series group consisting of S, N and/or O, it being possible for the ring systems which are listed here to be optionally substituted, once to several times, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group: group consisting of halogen, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-

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alkoxy, carboxyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkoxycarbonyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl and radicals of the formulae  $-SO_2-NR^9R^{10}$  and  $-(CO)_a-NR^{11}R^{12}$ ,

in which

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl,

and

a denotes a number 0 or 1,

or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents which are selected from the group: group consisting of halogen, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, carboxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, and aryl having from 6 to 10 carbon atoms, and a 5- to 7-membered aromatic heterocycles having up to 3 heteroatoms selected from the series group consisting of S, N and/ef O, in which the ring systems can be optionally substituted, once to three times, identically or differently, by (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl, halogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl or by the radical -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

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R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

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contd U<sup>2</sup>

or 
$$-N$$

which, for their part, can be optionally substituted,

and the salts thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

for preparing medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of anomias.

11. (currently amended) The use of The method of claim 10 wherein in the 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivatives derivative of the general formula (I) as elaimed in claim 10,

in which

- A, D, E and G are identical or different and represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or trifluoromethyl,
- R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent methyl,
- R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,

in which

R<sup>4</sup> denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl which, for its part,

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contd.

can be substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, hydroxyl or and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes  $(C_1-C_6)$ -alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

in which

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

or

R<sup>4</sup> denotes vinyl or allyl,

R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl,

denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes phenyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, furyl or pyridyl, it being possible for the listed aromatic ring systems to be optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl and radicals of the formulae -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -(CO)<sub>a</sub>-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,

in which

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

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contd

and

denotes a number 0 or 1,

or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which are optionally substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, furyl exand thiazolyl, it being possible for the ring systems to be optionally substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, methoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl or by a radical of the formula -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

or

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\$$

which are in turn optionally substituted, substituted.

and the salts thereof,

in which

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contd.

for preparing-medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of anomias.

12. (currently amended) The use of The method of claim 10 wherein in the 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivatives of the general formula (I) as claimed in claim 10;

A, D, E and G represent hydrogen,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are identical or different and represent hydrogen or represent methyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents radicals of the formulae -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>,

in which

R<sup>4</sup> denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or phenyl which, for its part, can be substituted, once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkoxy, hydroxyl or and trifluoromethyl, or

denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by a group of the formula -NR<sup>7</sup>R<sup>8</sup>,

in which

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contol 2

R7 and R8 are identical or different and denote hydrogen, benzyl or methyl,

or

- R<sup>4</sup> denotes allyl,
- R<sup>5</sup> denotes hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl,
- denotes cyclopropyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl or denotes naphthyl, phenyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, furyl or pyridyl, the listed ring systems being optionally substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by substituents selected from the group: group consisting of fluorine, chlorine, bromine, trifluoromethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkyl and radicals of the formulae -SO<sub>2</sub>-NR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup> and -(CO)<sub>u</sub>-NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>,

in which

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are identical or different and denote hydrogen or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)-alkyl,

and

denotes a number 0 or 1,

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R<sup>6</sup> denotes (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl which is optionally substituted by substituents selected from the group consisting of fluorine, chlorine,

contd

trifluoromethyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl, phenyl, pyridyl, naphthyl, furyl, thienyl of and thiazolyl, the ring systems optionally being substituted once to twice, identically or differently, by fluorine, chlorine, methyl, methoxycarbonyl or trifluoromethyl or by a radical of the formula -CO-NH<sub>2</sub>,

or

 ${
m R}^5$  and  ${
m R}^6$  form, together with the nitrogen atom, cyclic radicals of the formulae

which are in turn optionally substituted, substituted.

and the salts thereof,

for preparing medicaments or pharmacoutical compositions for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of anomias.

13. (currently amended) The use of The method of claim 10 wherein in the 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivatives of the general formula (I) as claimed in claim 10, in which

A, D, E and G represent hydrogen,

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contol

R<sup>3</sup> represents the radical -NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, where R<sup>5</sup> = H or methyl and R<sup>6</sup> is as previously defined, defined in claim 10.

and the remaining radicals have the previously given meaning, are as defined in claim 10.

and the salts thereof,

for preparing medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of anomias.

- 14. (currently amended) The use method as claimed in one of claims 10 to 13 for preparing medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of wherein the anemia is selected from the group consisting of premature baby anemias, anemias associated with chronic renal insufficiency, anemias following chemotherapy and anemias in HIV patients.
- 15. (currently amended) The use method as claimed in one of claims 10 to 13 for preparing medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for stimulating the wherein the anemis is erythropoiesis of individuals donating their own blood.

16, 17, and 18 (canceled)

N. <sup>23</sup>

19. (currently amended) The use method as claimed in one of claims 16 to 18 10 to 15, characterized in that the erythropoietin sensitizers are 6-carboxyphenyldihydropyridazinone derivative is administered orally.

Q 4

20 (new) The process of claim 5 wherein in structure (IV), the activating radical L is chlorine or imidazoyl.